

## RINGKASAN ASUHAN *CONTINUITY OF CARE* (COC)

*Continuity Of Care* (CoC) dalam pelayanan kebidanan merupakan layanan melalui model pelayanan berkelanjutan pada perempuan sepanjang masa kehamilan, kelahiran serta masa *post partum*. Penelitian dengan judul “Asuhan Kebidanan Berkesinambungan pada Ny. “NA” Umur 23 tahun Multigravida dari Umur Kehamilan 37 Minggu sampai 42 Hari Masa Nifas yang diberikan asuhan berdasarkan standar di Puskesmas Kintamani III” dilakukan dengan menggunakan metode studi penelaahan kasus yang terdiri dari unit tunggal. Unit tunggal disini dapat berarti satu orang ibu yang diberikan asuhan sejak masa kehamilan hingga KB dengan penerapan asuhan kebidanan 7 langkah Varney pada pengkajian awal dan dengan menggunakan metode SOAP (Subyektif, Obyektif, Analisis, Penatalaksanaan). Desain penelitian adalah multi kasus, yaitu kasus kehamilan, persalinan, nifas dan bayi baru lahir sampai neonatus serta Keluarga Berencana (KB). Hasil Penelitian menunjukkan asuhan kebidanan yang di berikan kepada Ny” NA” mulai dari usia kehamilan 37 minggu sampai menjelang persalinan, selama proses persalinan, selama masa nifas, bayi daribaru lahir sampai 42 hari, serta Keluarga Berencana (KB) mendapatkan pelayanan sesuai standar pelayanan kebidanan. Simpulan setelah diberikan asuhan kebidanan *Continuity Of Care* (CoC) proses persalinan berjalan dengan fisiologis dan tidak ada kondisi yang membahayakan ibu dan bayi

## **Abstract**

### ***Continuity Of Care (COC)***

Continuity Of Care (CoC) in midwifery services is a service through a continuous service model for women throughout pregnancy, birth and the postpartum period. The research entitled “Continuous Midwifery Care for Mrs. “NA” 23 years old who was given care based on standards at” was carried out using the case study method consisted of a single unit. The single unit referred to a mother who was given care from pregnancy to family planning with the application of Varney’s 7 steps midwifery care at the initial assessment and by using the SOAP method (Subjective, Objective, Analysis, Management). The research design was multi-case, namely cases of pregnancy, childbirth, postpartum and new born to neonates and family planning (KB). The results showed that midwifery care was given to Mr”.NA”starting from 37 weeks of gestation until delivery, during the delivery process, the postpartum period, the labour period, babies from new born to 28 days old, and family planning ( KB) get services according to midwifery service standards. In conclusion, after being given Continuity Of Care (CoC) midwifery care, the delivery process runs physiologically and there are no conditions that endanger the mother and baby.